

Actuaries in Marine One Reinsurer's View

Jim McDonald
SCOR

Probability

Question;

What is the probability of an actuary having a sense of humour?

Answer;

$$p_n = \int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^n}{n!} \frac{\lambda^{\alpha-1} e^{-\frac{\lambda}{\theta}}}{\theta^{\alpha} \Gamma(\alpha)} d\lambda, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

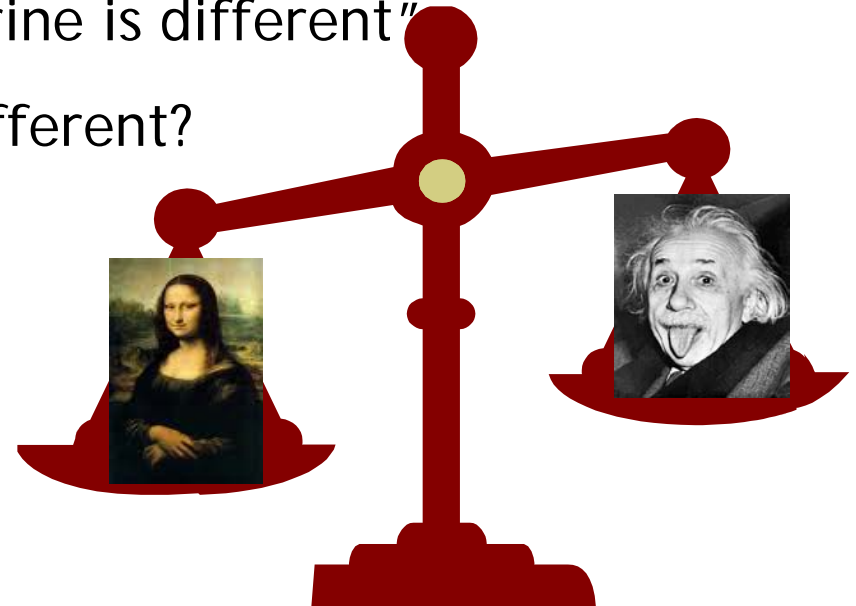
$$f(x) = \left(\frac{\theta}{2\pi x^3} \right)^{1/2} \exp \left[-\frac{\theta}{2x} \left(\frac{x - \mu}{\mu} \right)^2 \right], \quad x > 0$$

Why are we even discussing this?

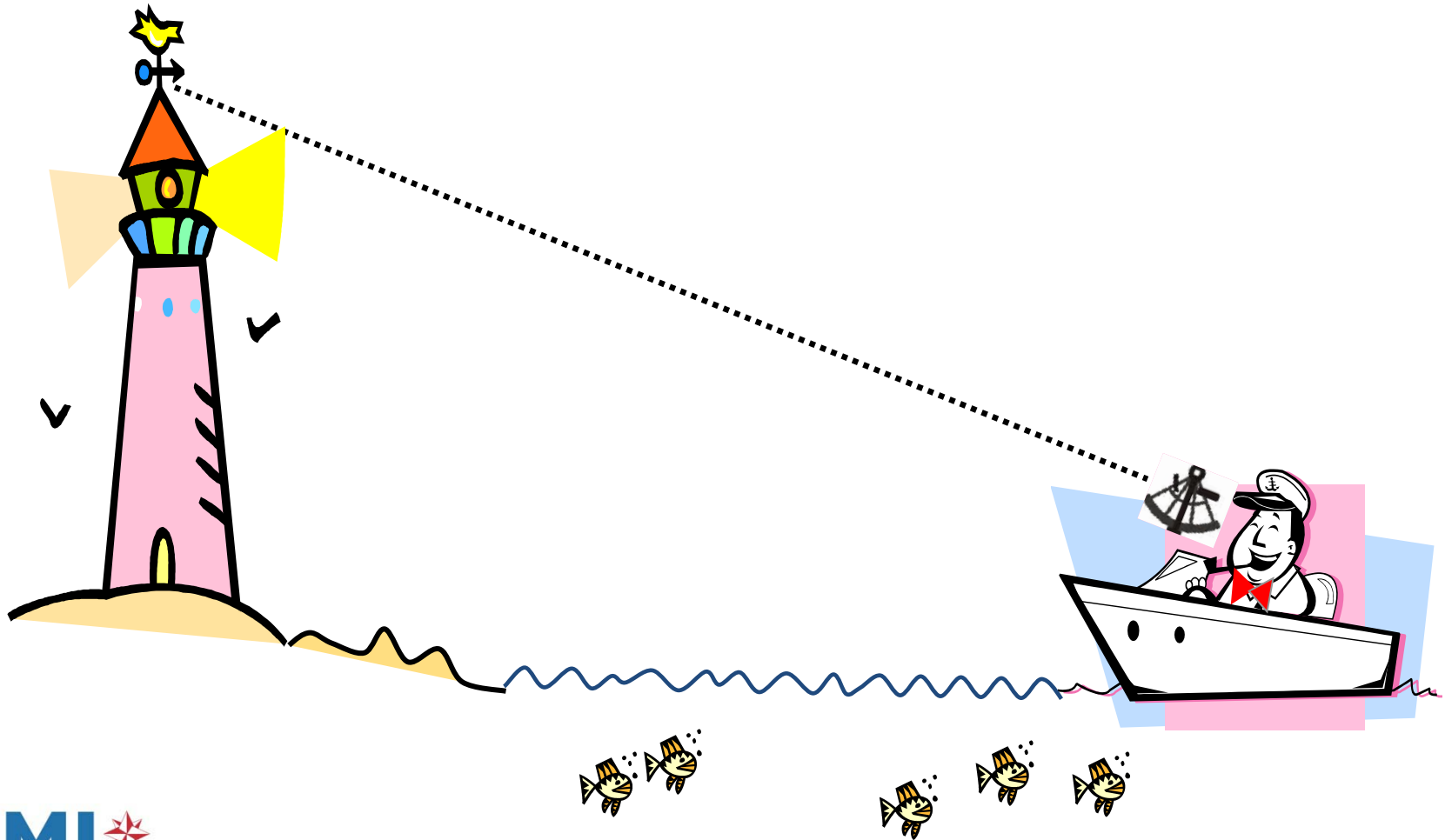
Is it the same old question? i.e.

Is your business an Art or a Science?

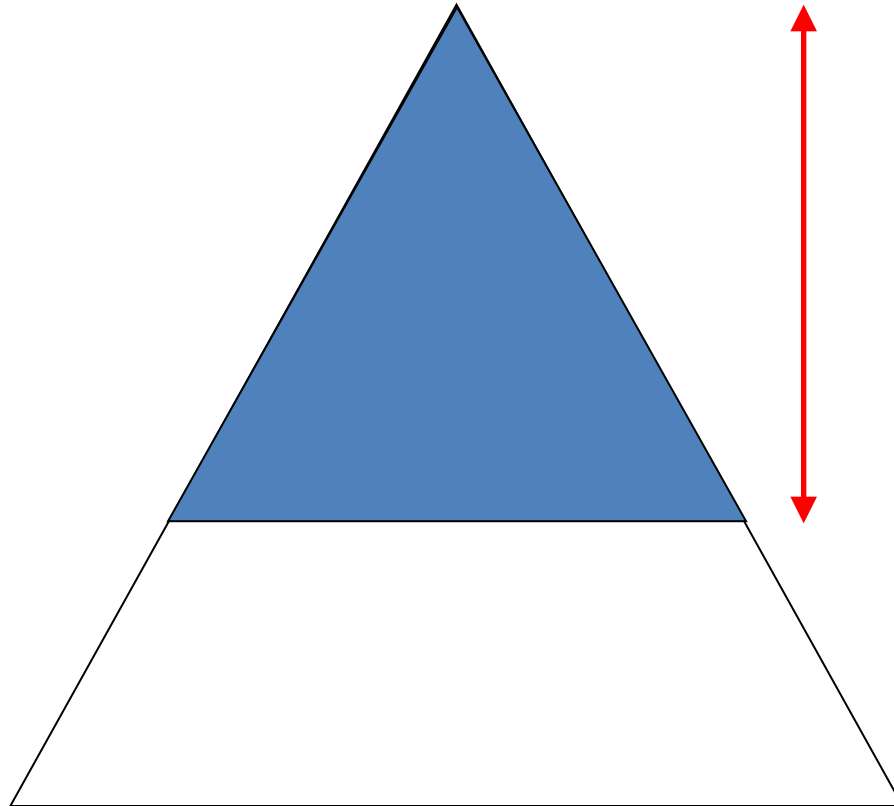
- Actuarial science is already well embedded in certain insurance disciplines e.g. life, cat modelling and treaty reinsurance.
- It is too easy to hide behind the “Navigation defence” e.g. “Marine is different”
- Are we really so different?



How far is this yacht from the rocks?



Can the same formula be applied top down?



What is the correct price?

- Probably the one industry where the cost of the raw materials is only known after the selling price is set.
- Other challenges:
 - Data is poor.
 - No independent, third party modelling.
 - Multiple indemnity applies.
 - Base line drift.
 - Resistance to change.
- The price is just one factor.
 - Risk selection and coverage must be considered, but the most important is **experience**.



Summary

- Anything that helps you to do something must be a good thing.
- A GPS in your car is a good thing, but it only works if you continue to think, and to look out of the windscreen, instead of listening to a machine.....